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Safe Sustainable Steel

Annual Financial Results

for the twelve months ended 31 December 2009





Introduction and overview Nonkululeko Nyembezi-Heita, CEO

Overview (2009 vs 2008)



 Headline loss of R440m Headline loss per share of 104c EBITDA margin of 6% down from 34% in 2008 Adverse impact of strong rand 	 Total steel shipments Dispatches down 12% Average realised prices down by 26% Domestic sales constituted 69% of total sales
 Cost pressures continue Raw material cost per tonne decreased by 31% Cost of steel sales increased by 8% Impacted by lower production volumes 	 Operations Liquid steel production down 8% Capacity utilisation decreased from 76% to 66%

Key result drivers



	Q4'09 vs Q3'09	2009 vs 2008
Flat carbon steel product prices	+2%	-23%
Long carbon steel product prices	+2%	-31%
Liquid steel production	+15%	-8%
Total sales volume	-7%	-12%
Export sales volume	-20%	96%
Domestic sales volume	-1%	-30%
HRC Rand cash cost per tonne	-6%	+1%
Billet Rand cash cost per tonne	+1%	-9%
Labour productivity	+14%	-1%
ZAR movement (average rate)	-4%	+2%





Environment and steel markets

Global environment – economic trends

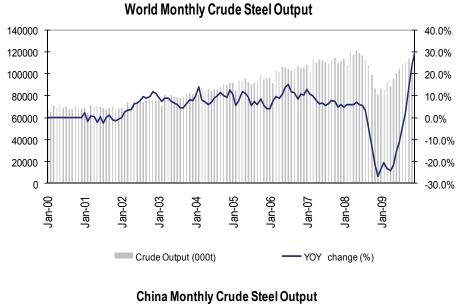


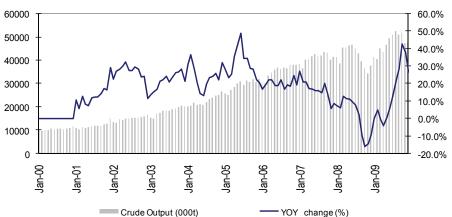
- World economic growth in 2009 decreased substantially by -1.1% from 3% in 2008, but positive growth of 3.2% is expected in 2010
- Emerging markets grew by 1.7% in 2009 (2008: 6%), increasing to an expected 5.1% in 2010
- Chinese economy surged by 8.7% in 2009 compared to 9% in 2008, while a growth rate of over 9% is forecasted for 2010
- World Bank forecast sub-Saharan African growth rate of 3.8% for 2010 from 0.9% in 2009. For South Africa the respective figures are 2% and -2.2% in 2009

Global environment – steel market trends



- 2009 world crude steel output declined 8% to 1.2 billion tonnes, reflecting an 8.5% fall in global demand last year
- Production in the EU fell by 30%, North America 34% and Japan 26%
- Africa's total steel production declined by 11% to 15.2 million tonnes
- China's production was up 13.5% to 568 million tonnes accounting for 47% of global output
- Quarterly rate of change in crude output
 - Q4'09 vs Q3'09 = +2%
 - Q4'09 vs Q4'08 = +22%
- Q4 global capacity utilisation level: 74%





Source: WorldSteel; WorldSteel Dynamics

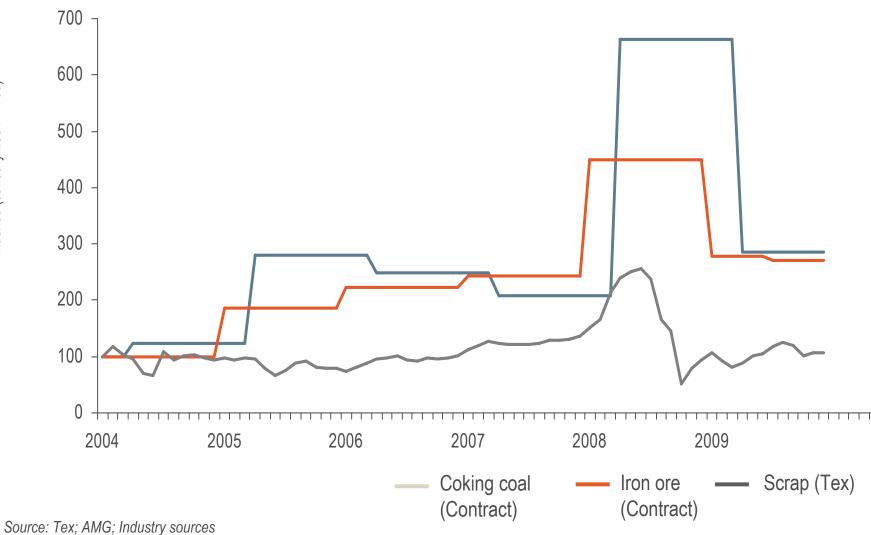
Global environment – input cost trends



- Average 2009 international iron ore spot prices decreased by 46% from 2008 benchmark levels
- International coking coal spot prices declined by 66% in 2009
- Our coking coal contract price was 57% lower implemented in Q3 2009
- Scrap prices fell on average by 39% from 2008 levels
- Alloy prices decreased during 2009 with Tin slipping by 27%
- Crude oil prices were on average 37% lower when compared with 2008

Global environment – benchmark prices

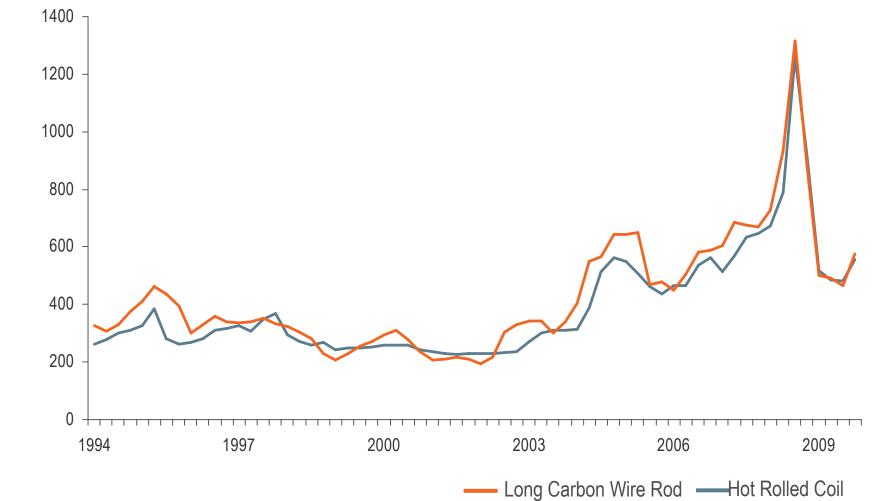




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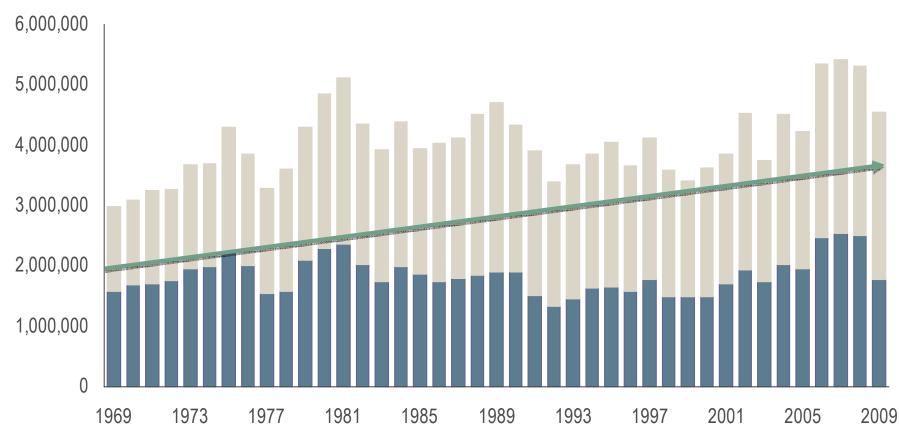
Global environment – export prices





Domestic market – shipments

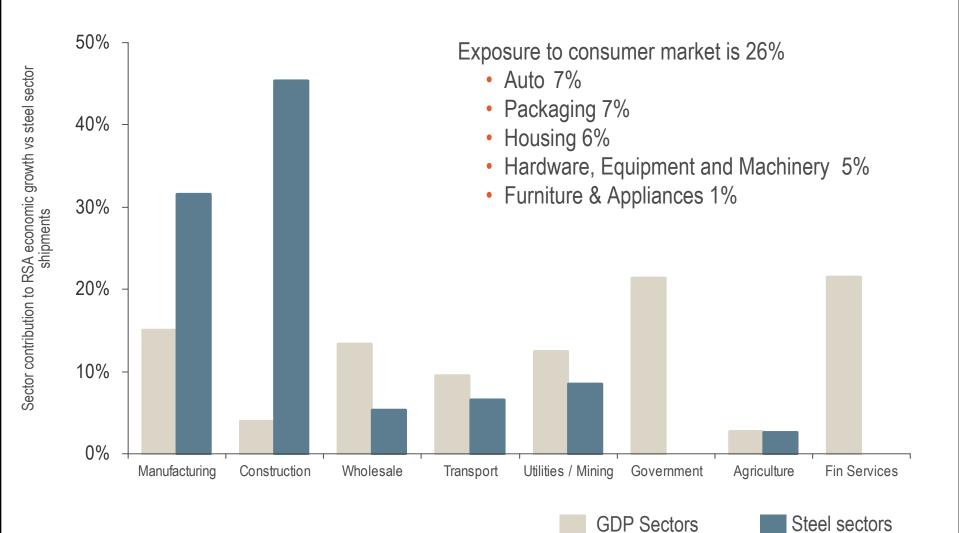




Long (t) Flat (t)

Domestic environment – shipments to industries





Source : SAISI and SARB Bulletin

Steel usage in South Africa's infrastructure programme

Tonnes

- Eskom power stations (Medupi, Kusile)
- 2010 Soccer World Cup Stadiums

Gautrain

SA National Roads Agency (national roads)

Transnet (rail transport)

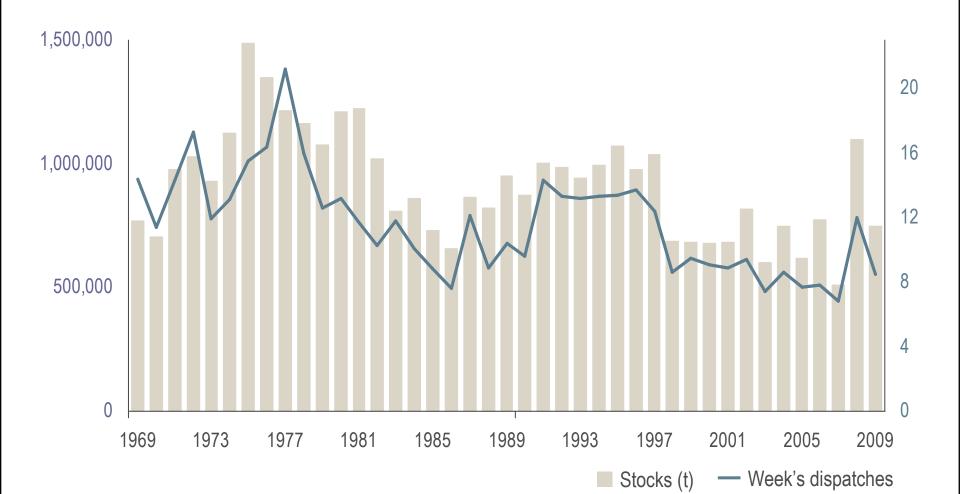
Dept of Water Affairs (dams)



2007-2015		
I 902	000	
100	000	
15	000	
39	000	
254	000	
231	000	

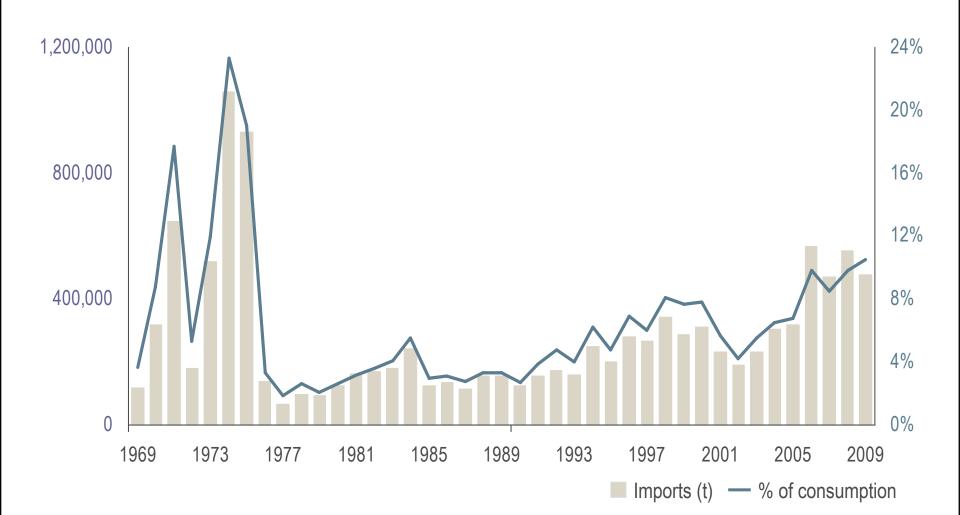
Domestic market – inventory levels

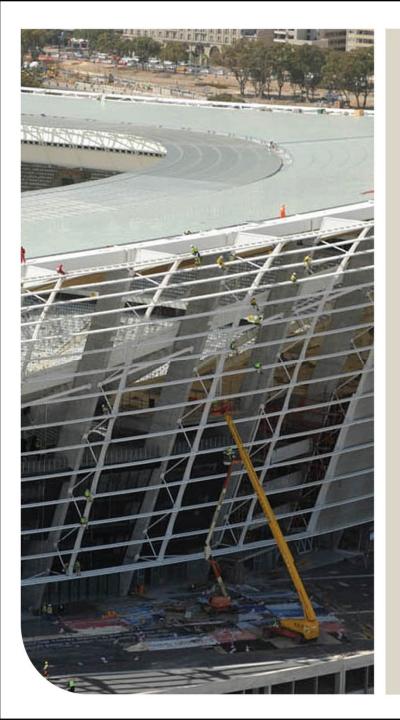




Domestic market – imports









Physical results for 2009

Safety remains our priority

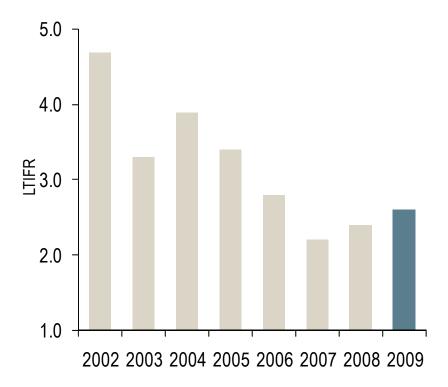


- 5 fatalities
- 8% deterioration in lost time injury frequency rate when compared to 2008

Highlights

- World class safety performance at Saldanha Works (LTIFR = 0.8)
- Signing of Joint Health & Safety Agreement with trade unions
- Progress made in implementing our Journey to Zero initiative

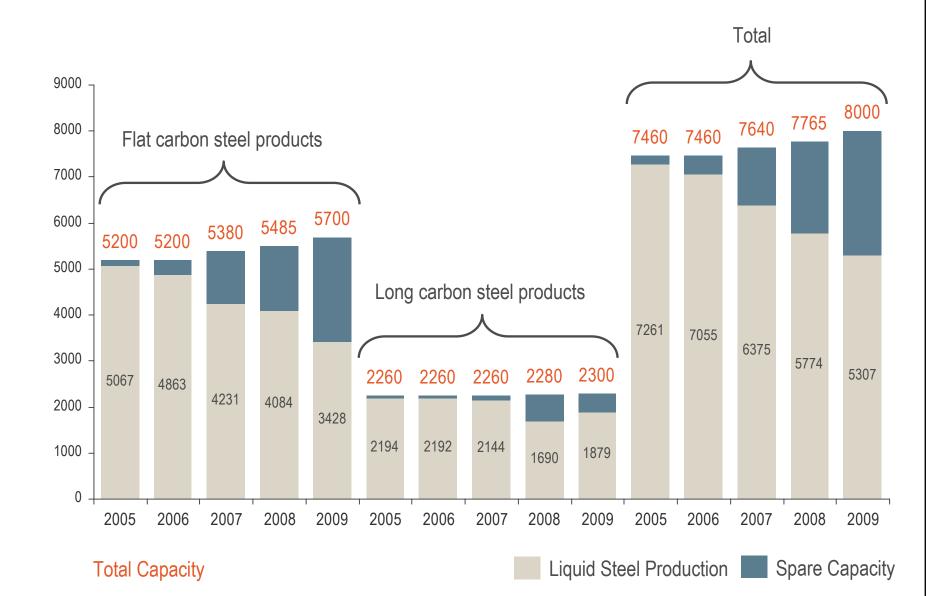
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (Employees and Contractors)





Liquid steel production & capacity

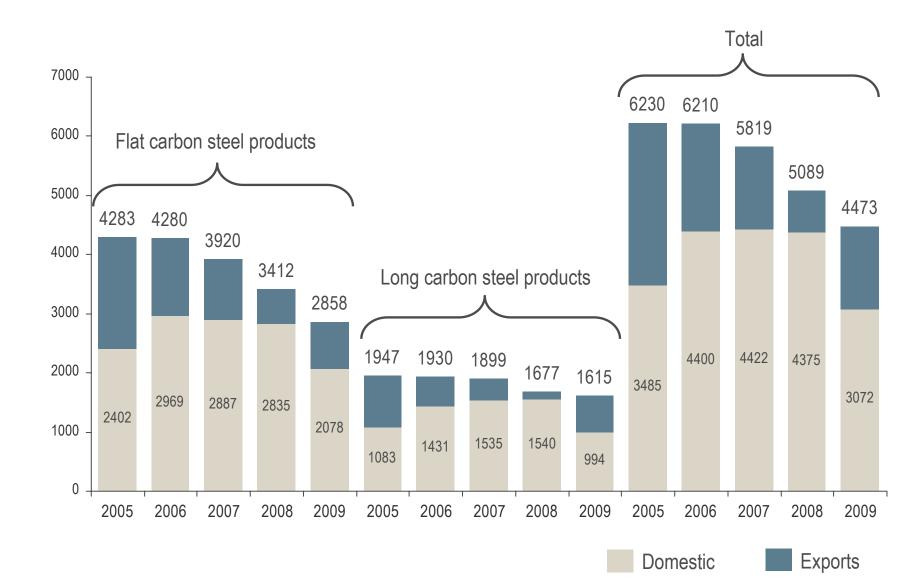




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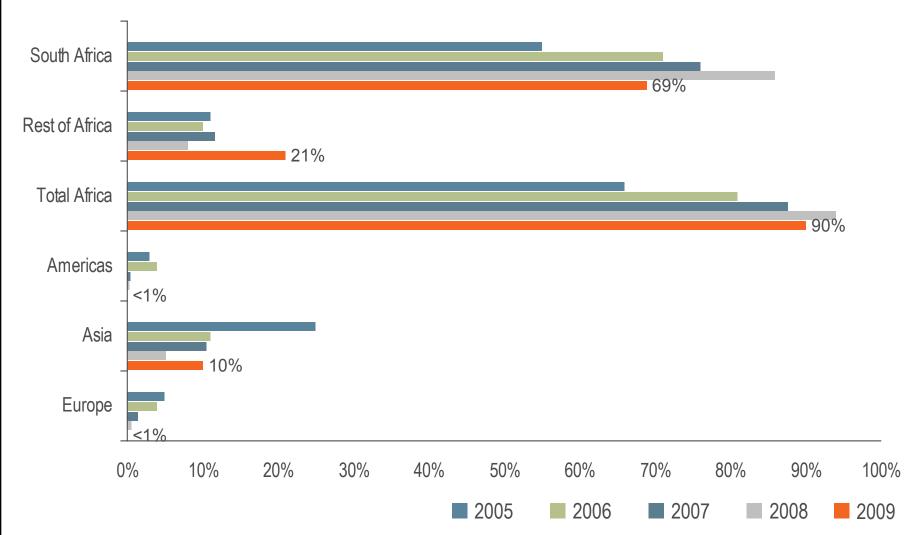
Shipment volumes





Geographic shipments





Investment programme



Rm	2009
Major projects completed (and ongoing) in 2009	674
Vanderbijlpark Works New direct reduction kilns 5 & 6 – completed	574
Sinter Off-gas treatment plant	
Coke oven gas and water cleaning project	
Refurbished Tin line structure	
Saldanha Works	56
Newcastle Works	108
Zero effluent discharge project	
Construction waste site cells	
Vereeniging Works	163
EAF Dust extraction – completed	
Crane replacement and gantry upgrade at Steel making – completed	
Other	13
Total Expenditure in 2009	914





Finance Kobus Verster, CFO

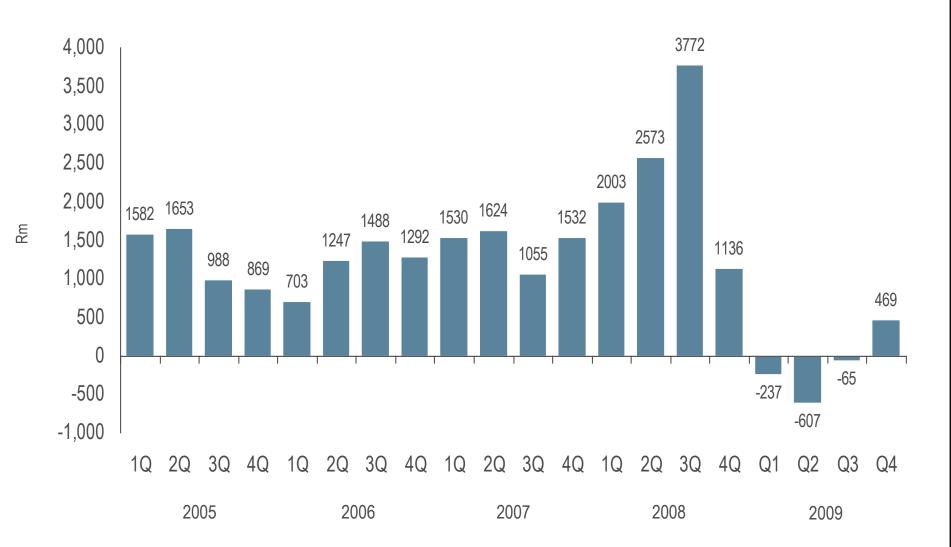
Headline earnings



Rm	2008	2009
Revenue	39 914	25 598
Profit from operations	12 159	229
Gains/(losses) on forex & financial instruments	637	-813
Interest income	318	199
Finance costs	-238	-276
Income from investments	3	3
Тах	-3 865	-35
Equity earnings*	331	206
Net deficit on disposal or scrapping of assets*	28	21
Impairment*	111	26
Headline earnings/(loss)	9 484	-440
- in US\$m	1 148	-52

Quarterly headline earnings trend





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EBITDA from segments



Rm	2008		20	09	
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Flat carbon steel products	1 139	-46	-52	-59	538
Long carbon steel products	771	54	57	200	280
Coke & Chemicals	300	28	95	179	254
Corporate & Other	-133	83	37	42	-143
Total EBITDA	2 077	119	137	362	929
EBITDA Margin %	28	2	2	5	14

Operating costs



Rm	2008	2009
Raw materials & consumables	16 712	15 299
Employee costs	2 598	2 640
Energy	1 474	2 062
Other operating expenses	5 528	4 050
Depreciation & amortisation	1 322	1 292
Impairment charges	121	26
Total operating costs	27 755	25 369

Cash flow



Rm	2008	2009
Cash generated from operations	14 130	1 290
Working capital	-3 391	2 886
Capex	-1 832	-914
Net interest and Investment income	276	170
Investments		-524
Тах	-3 087	-934
Dividends	-2 398	-1 627
Repayment of borrowings and finance lease	-121	-149
Net cash flow before share repurchase and forex	3 577	198
Repurchase of share		-3 918
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	818	-361
Net cash flow	4 395	-4 081
Cash	8 429	4 348

Working capital movement



Rr	n	2008	2009
١n	ventories	-4 067	+2 911
	Finished products	-194	-32
	Work-in-progress	-1 688	+1 083
	Raw materials	-2 016	+1 851
	Plant spares & stores	-169	+9
Re	ceivables	253	-18
Pa	yables	607	112
Uti	lisation of provisions	-184	-119
		-3 391	2 886

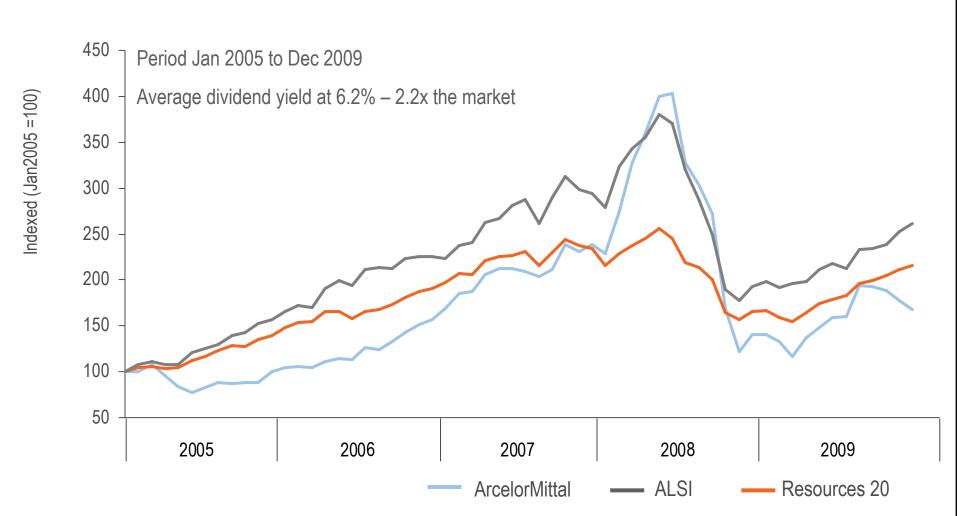
Financial ratios



2008	2009
Operating margin 30%	1%
EBITDA margin 34%	6%
Revenue / invested capital (times) 1.8	1.1
Return on equity (annualised) 39%	-2%
Net cash/equity 29%	18%

Share performance





Dividend



- Dividend policy:
 - Distributing one third of headline earnings
 - Headline loss for the year no dividend declared





Investment programme and other developments Nonkululeko Nyembezi-Heita, CEO

Investment programme



- The economic downturn and new opportunities resulted in a re-evaluation of our growth strategy
 - Delay in roll-out of some projects
 - Reinstatement of power generation projects
 - Maintenance spending will be increased
- A successful outcome of our bid for Zisco will impact on the growth strategy for long products

Investment programme



- Environmental projects will continue to be a high priority
 - Various atmosphere emission abatement projects at Vanderbijlpark
 - Secondary fume extraction at the Electric Arc Furnace
 - Construction of a new sinter bag house facility at the sinter plant
 - Environmental projects at Newcastle
 - Basic Oxygen Furnace slag disposal facility
 - Slag Bay containment
 - Zero-effluent discharge project



Vereeniging's new dust extraction unit

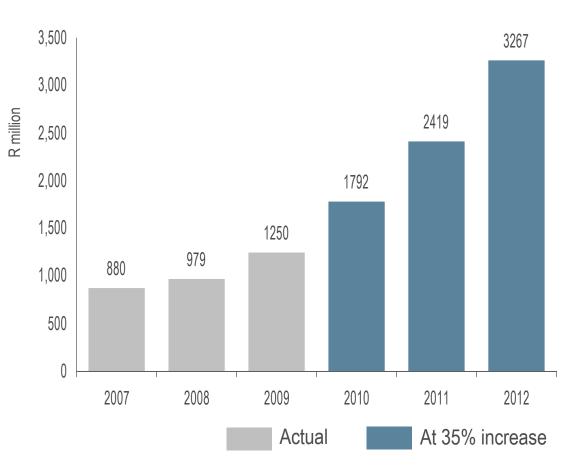


Additional focus areas



- Iron ore supply
- Electricity
 - Tariffs
 - Supply
- Competition tribunal

Power costs for ArcelorMittal South Africa Impact of proposed 35% tariff hike

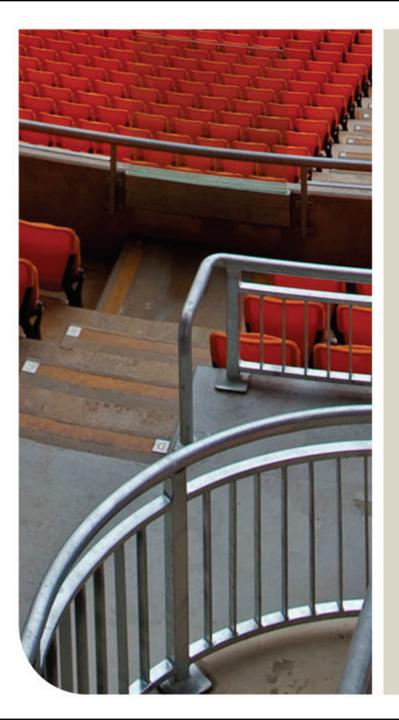


Corporate responsibility



- Corporate responsibility
 - School development programme
 - Science centres







Outlook

2010 growth forecast for key sectors

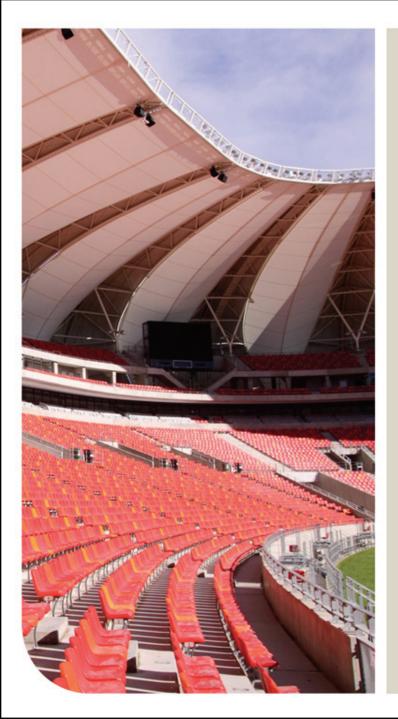


	GDP Growth
Manufacturing	4.8%
Building & Construction	11.7%
Transport	3.3%
Automotive	1.3%
Packaging	13.6%
South Africa's GDP	2.5%

Outlook for Q1'2010



- Business environment
 - Improved domestic and international demand and also prices for steel
 - Higher capacity utilisation
 - Prices for coal, scrap, alloys and iron ore expected to increase
- Earnings
 - Earnings to improve compared to Q4'09
 - Impacted by exchange rate movements

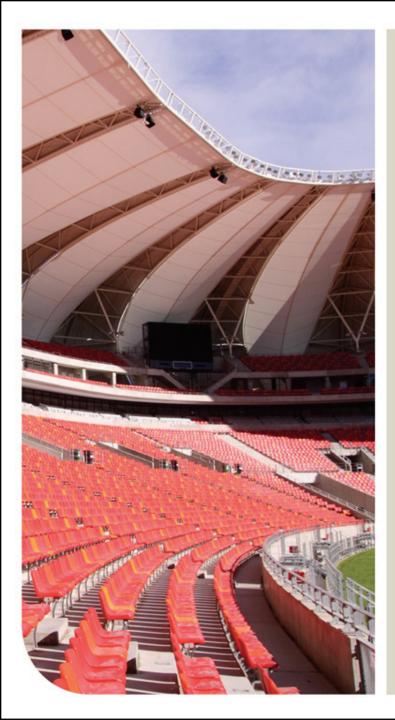




Safe Sustainable Steel

Thank you

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